

Michigan Quality Improvement Consortium Guideline

Routine Preventive Services for Children and Adolescents (Ages 2-21)

The following guideline provides recommendations for routine preventive services for children and adolescents ages 2-21 years. Children at increased risk may warrant additional services, e.g. Early Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment Program (EPSDT)¹.

Recommendation	2-6	7-9	10-12	13-21
 Annual health, developmental screening² (including once at 30 months) and risk assessments, including: Tobacco use: Establish tobacco use and secondhand smoke exposure Obesity screening and counseling if indicated: Record height, weight and BMI percentile; assess dietary, physical activity and sedentary behavior Parent and Child age-appropriate education and counseling: Nutrition, physical activity, violence and abuse/bullying (Michigan abuse and neglect hotline 855-555-3911), sexually transmitted infection prevention, suicide threats, alcohol and drug abuse, behavioral/emotional problems, anxiety, stress reduction, coping skills, immunizations, skin cancer prevention Helmet use and protective gear for bicycle riding, skateboarding, skating, etc. [B] Motor vehicle safety³ - Car seat, booster seat, seat belt use [B] Poison prevention - Keep the National Poison Control number (800-222-1222) readily accessible; use child resistant containers; dispose of expired or unused medications Burn prevention - Install smoke detectors and test twice a year; carbon monoxide detectors; water heater temperature and fire prevention Injury prevention - Firearm safety; water safety; CPR training 	years	years	years	years
Dental health screening: Adequate fluoridation (oral fluoride supplement when indicated), limit sugars and juices, home oral care, avoid baby bottle use; establish dental home Apply fluoride varnish to primary teeth				
Vision screening [A]	X (prior to		X	_ X
	school enrollmer	nt) Lver	y 2 years	Every 3 years
Chlamydia and other STI screening [A] (rescreen if change in risk status)				lly if sexually active)
Pregnancy prevention (abstinence, long-acting reversible contraception, condom use) Preconception counseling, Folic acid 400 mcg/d			X (≥ age 12, or ear	lier if sexually active)
HIV screening [A] (age ≥ 15, younger if at increased risk)				Х
Psychological, behavioral, and depression screening [B]			X (≥ age 11)
See MQIC Adolescent and Young Adult Health Risk Behavior Assessment guideline				
Cholesterol screening (if at increased risk, screen ages 2-8 and 12-16) [B]			X (~ age 10)	X (~ age 20)
Immunizations: • For updated immunization schedules see CDC Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices ACIP • Use combination vaccines to minimize the number of injections • Update the Michigan Care Improvement Registry (MCIR)	2-3 years	4-6 years	11-12 years	15-18 years
DTaP [A]		Х	Tdap	
IPV		X	. 557	
MMR (MMRV) [A]		X		
Varicella [A]		X		
Meningococcal (MCV4)			Х	Booster at age 16 year
Influenza [B]: For first immunization of children ≤ 8 years, give 2 doses one month apart. Age ≥ 9, and all ch	ildren with 2 prior (tosas diva 1 dosa ann		1 3,55

Influenza [B]: For first immunization of children ≤ 8 years, give 2 doses one month apart. Age ≥ 9, and all children with 2 prior doses, give 1 dose annually

Human papilloma virus: Give 2-dose series if started at 9-14 years. Give 3-dose series for ages 15-26, or if immunocompromised.

Levels of Evidence for the most significant recommendations: A = randomized controlled trials; B = controlled trials, no randomization; C = observational studies; D = opinion of expert panel

This guideline lists core management steps. It is based on: Expert Panel on Integrated Guidelines for Cardiovascular Health and Risk Reduction in Children and Adolescents Summary Report, National Heart Lung and Blood Institute, NIH Publication No. 12-7486-A. October 2012; AAP Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents, 3rd Edition, 2008; and Guide to Clinical Preventive Services 2014: Recommendations of the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force, June 2014. Individual patient considerations and advances in medical science may supersede or modify these recommendations.

¹Early Periodic Screening Diagnosis and Treatment: age specific exam and anticipatory guidance template

²AAP Section on Developmental and Behavioral Pediatrics

³AAP Policy Statement-Child Passenger Safety